

Hendry County Extension, P.O. Box 68, LaBelle, FL 33975 (863) 674 4092

Flatwoods Citrus

Vol. 19, No. 3

IFAS Extension

March 2016

Dr. Mongi Zekri Multi-County Citrus Agent, SW Florida

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Previous issues of the Flatwoods Citrus newsletter can be found at: http://citrusagents.ifas.ufl.edu/agents/zekri/index.htm http://irrec.ifas.ufl.edu/flcitrus/

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Glades

Collier

Hendry

Charlotte

ee

Mark your calendar and plan to attend

2016 ANNUAL FLORIDA CITRUS GROWERS' INSTITUTE

<u>Date & Time</u>: Tuesday, 5 April 2016, 8:00 AM – 3:35 PM <u>Location</u>: Avon Park Campus of South Florida Community College

<u>Coordinators</u>: Citrus Extension Agents, UF-IFAS

Agenda and information on registration is below.

TheTwenty Sixth Annual Farm Safety Day

Friday, 6 May 2016 Saturday, 7 May 2016

AN IMPORTANT MESSAGE TO EMPLOYERS

Safe and competent equipment operators are important to you as an employer. Our training has been designed to help your employees perform better, operate safely to prevent accidents, fulfill necessary training requirements and build pride in themselves and their farm company.

Registration Info

The deadline for registration is Friday, April 22nd, 2016. It is the employer's responsibility to assure that the employee is present at 7:30 AM on Friday, May 6th <u>or</u> on Saturday, May 7th at the Immokalee IFAS Center, 2685 State Rd. 29 North, Immokalee, FL 34142 to receive their nametag.

Don't wait. The number of trainings offered and attendance at each training is LIMITED. For each day, class size is limited to the first 80 Spanish-speaking and 20 English-speaking people.



Agenda and information on registration is below.

Certified Crop Adviser Educational Seminar and CEU Session

<u>Date</u>: Wednesday, April 13, 2016, <u>Time</u>: 7:45 a.m. – 6:45 p.m. Refreshments and lunch will be provided.

Find below a program schedule for the event which includes tentative titles of speaker topics that will be presented.

This session is webcast to six centers- Gainesville, Lake Alfred, Balm, Immokalee, Ft. Pierce, Tavares as was done in the past. You may be able to pick the center that is most convenient to you.

To register, please use the following link and pick the ticket to the center of your choice. Please remember to print your confirmation and the receipt for your records. Early registration fee is \$100 per person payable through credit cards.

https://www.eventbrite.com/e/ufifas-cca-training-april-2016-registration-21633525457 UF/IFAS CCA Training April 2016 - www.eventbrite.com

Statewide FL CCA CEU sessions conducted by IFAS and video braodcast from and to five IFAS Centers locations, twice a year- Spring and Fall. Each session offers 10 CEUs in Soil & Water and Crop Management (Fall session) and Nutrient and Pest Management (Spring session) during a 10-hr session, starting at 7:45AM to 6:45PM. These sessions are generally scheduled for the second Wednesday of April and October every year. Over 80 CCAs particiapte in these sessions from Gainesville, Balm, Tavares, Lake Alfred, Immokalee and Ft. Pierce. Walk-in registration fee is \$120 and have to be paid only in checks payable to 'University of Florida'.

COMPETENCY AREA	ТОРІС	PRESENTER	ORIGINATING FROM	START TIME	CEUs
	Sign In; Introductory Re	marks; Pre-test		7:50 AM	
NT	SOIL AMENDMENTS AND BIOSTIMULANTS TO IMPROVE YOUR NUTRIENT MANAGEMENT	SHINSUKE AGEHARA	BALM	8:00 AM	1
NUTRIENT MANAGEMENT	SOILS AND NUTRITION OF SUGARCANE IN FLORIDA	MABRY MCCRAY	BELLE GLADE	9:00 AM	1
MANA	THE ROLE OF NUTRIENTS IN CITRUS PRODUCTION AND IMPACT ON HLB IN CITRUS	KELLY MORGAN	IMMOKALEE	10:00 AM	1
IENT	2015 VEGETABLE AND AGRONOMIC CROP BMP MANUAL OVERVIEW	BILL BARTNICK	GAINESVILLE	11:00 AM	1
H H	LUNC	H 12:00 Noon			
NN	NUTRIENT MANAGEMENT FOR SORGHUM ENERGY CROPPING SYSTEMS IN FLORIDA	JOHN ERICKSON	GAINESVILLE	12:30PM	1
т	INTEGRATED PEST MANAGEMENT RESOURCES FOR FLORIDA'S CCAs	NORM LEPPLA	GAINESVILLE	1:30 PM	1
je MEN	WHEN, WHY AND HOW TO MANAGE THE ASIAN CITRUS PSYLLID	PHIL STANSLY	IMMOKALEE	2:30 PM	1
ANAG	MANAGING THRIPS AND THRIPS-VECTORED VIRUSES ON CROPS IN FLORIDA	JOE FUNDERBURK	QUINCY	3:30 PM	1
PEST MANAGEMENT	DISEASE MANAGEMENT OF VEGETABLE CROPS: IPM CONCENPTS AND PRACTICE	MATHEWS PARET	QUINCY	4:30 PM	1
4	WEED MANAGEMENT TOOLS FOR PLASTICULTURE VEGETABLE PRODUCTION	NATHAN BOYD	BALM	5:30 PM	1
	Post-test			6:30 PM	

University of Florida/IFAS, Certified Crop Adviser CEU Session Wednesday, 13 April 2016 Lake Alfred, Balm, Gainesville, Ft. Pierce, Tavares and Immokalee

Special Thanks to sponsors of the "Flatwoods Citrus" newsletter for their generous contribution and support. If you would like to be among them, please contact me at 863 674 4092 or maz@ufl.edu



Billy Hopkins Hopkins Nursery 239 658 0370 tropicals@wildblue.net

Tropical fruit & peach trees

Steve Fletcher Fletcher Flying Service, Inc. Phone: 239 860 2028 Fax: 863 675 3725

Scott Houk Dow AgroSciences 13543 Troia Drive Estero, FL 33928 Phone: 239-243-6927 SEHouk@dow.com C.P. SOLUTIONS We've Got You Covered From The Bottom To The Top • Root Health Programs • Foliar Nutrient Programs • Disease Control Programs Liquid Fertilizers, Micronutrients & Natural Organics 900 Cowboy Circle, Labelle, FL 33935 (863) 675-1500 www.Nitro30.com

Ed Early

DuPont Crop Protection P O Box 7768 Fort Myers, FL 33911 Phone: 239-994-8594 Edward.L.early@dupont.com

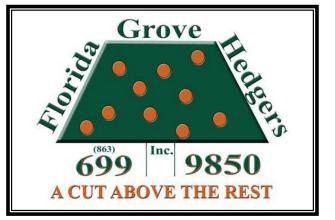
<u>Cody Hoffman</u> SYNGENTA

1505 Paloma Dr., Fort Myers, FL 33901

Mobile: 321 436 2591

Fax: 239 479 6279 cody.hoffman@syngenta.com MONSANTO BIOACO Honsanto Company BioAg 7150 E. Brentwood Road Ft. Myers, Florida 33919 Phone: (888) 261-4731 Fax: (281) 580-4163 Cell: (239) 707-7677

g8trmanjek@comcast.net



Special Thanks to sponsors of the "Flatwoods Citrus" newsletter for their generous contribution and support. If you would like to be among them, please contact me at 863 674 4092 or maz@ufl.edu NICHINO AMERICA Scott Croxton Scroxton@nichino.net Samuel S. Monroe Smonroe@nichino.net WWW.nichino.net

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EL NIÑO/SOUTHERN OSCILLATION (ENSO) DIAGNOSTIC DISCUSSION

issued by

CLIMATE PREDICTION CENTER/NCEP/NWS and the International Research Institute for Climate and Society 11 February 2016 ENSO Alert System Status: El Niño Advisory

<u>Synopsis:</u> A transition to ENSO-neutral is likely during late Northern Hemisphere spring or early summer 2016, with a possible transition to La Niña conditions during the fall.

Indicative of a strong El Niño, sea surface temperature (SSTs) anomalies were in excess of 2°C across the east-central equatorial Pacific Ocean during January (Fig. 1). The Niño indices in the eastern Pacific declined, while Niño-3.4 and Niño-4 were nearly unchanged (Fig. 2). The subsurface temperatures in the central and eastern Pacific increased due to a downwelling Kelvin wave (Fig. 3), but toward the end of the month weakened again in association with the eastward shift of below-average temperatures at depth in the central Pacific (Fig. 4). Also, low-level westerly wind anomalies and upper-level easterly wind anomalies continued over much of the tropical Pacific. The traditional and equatorial Southern Oscillation Index (SOI) values remained negative but weakened relative to last month. Convection remained much enhanced over the central and east-central tropical Pacific and suppressed over Indonesia (Fig. 5). Collectively, these anomalies reflect the continuation of a strong El Niño.

Most models indicate that El Niño will weaken, with a transition to ENSO-neutral during the late spring or early summer 2016 (Fig. 6). Thereafter, the chance of La Niña conditions increases into the fall. While there is both model and physical support for La Niña following strong El Niño, considerable uncertainty remains. A transition to ENSO-neutral is likely during late Northern Hemisphere spring or early summer 2016, with a possible transition to La Niña conditions during the fall (click <u>CPC/IRI consensus forecast</u> for the chance of each outcome for each 3-month period).

El Niño has already produced significant global impacts and is expected to affect temperature and precipitation patterns across the United States during the upcoming months (the <u>3-month seasonal outlook</u> will be updated on Thursday February 18th). The seasonal outlooks for February – April indicate an increased likelihood of above-median precipitation across the southern tier of the United States, and below-median precipitation over the northern tier. Above-average temperatures are favored in the North and West, and below-average temperatures are favored in the southern Plains and along the Gulf Coast.

This discussion is a consolidated effort of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), NOAA's National Weather Service, and their funded institutions. Oceanic and atmospheric conditions are updated weekly on the Climate Prediction Center web site (<u>El Niño/La Niña Current Conditions and Expert Discussions</u>). Forecasts are also updated monthly in the <u>Forecast Forum</u> of CPC's Climate Diagnostics Bulletin. Additional perspectives and analysis are also available in an <u>ENSO blog</u>. The next ENSO Diagnostics Discussion is scheduled for 10 March 2016. To receive an e-mail notification when the monthly ENSO Diagnostic Discussions are released, please send an e-mail message to: <u>ncep.list.enso-update@noaa.gov</u>.

Climate Prediction Center National Centers for Environmental Prediction NOAA/National Weather Service College Park, MD 20740



Suggested Antibiotic Use Pattern for Huanglongbing (HLB; citrus greening) Management

The information in this document is a suggested use pattern of antibiotics in Florida citrus. This is <u>not</u> an official University of Florida recommendation. Information based on crisis declaration of March 4, 2016. Document is invalid after the establishment of a Section 3 or 18 label.

Antibiotic Application Schedule Application schedule should be adjusted based on harvest and flush timing ¹ . Antibiotics should <u>NEVER</u> be applied during harvest. <u>ALWAYS</u> rotate.												
Citrus Type	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Early Season Varieties (Ex. Hamlin, Navel, Fallglo)		STP	OXY	STP			STP	OXY		\times	\times	\succ
Mid Season Varieties (Ex. Murcott, Pineapple, Midsweet)	\times	\times	\times	STP	OXY	STP		OXY	STP	OXY		\ge
Late Season Varieties (Ex. Valencia)		OXY	\times	\times	\times	\times			STP	OXY	STP	
Grapefruit (Ex. Ray Ruby, Flame, Ruby Red)		STP	ΟΧΥ	STP			STP	OXY		\times	\times	\succ
STP: streptomycin; OXY: oxytetracycline	•	•			•			•	•			

¹apply with initiation of leaf flush

	FireWall 50 WP™ (streptomycin)	FireLine 17 WP ^{™*} (oxytetracycline)	Mycoshield®* (oxytetracycline)
Preharvest Interval (days)	40	40	21
Maximum Number of Applications per Calendar Year	3	3	8
Minimum Retreatment Interval (days)	21	21	21
Re-entry Interval (hours)	12	12	12
Total amount of product per year	2.07 lbs product 1.36 lbs a.i.	4.50 lbs product 0.81 lbs a.i.	12.0 lbs product 2.04 lbs a.i.*
FRAC Group	25	41	41

Antibiotic programs do not replace Asian citrus psyllid management programs.

Т

sprays (no low volume applications)	i
•When mixing antibiotic with surfactant, agitation is required	ł
•Alternate mode of action (MOA)	į

THE LABEL IS THE LAW!

Refer to label for additional information. This guide does not supersede the label.

1. Megan M. Dewdney, associate professor, Department of Plant Pathology, Citrus Research and Education Center and James H. Graham, professor, Soil and Water Science Department, Citrus REC; UF/IFAS Extension; Gainesville, FL 32611.

Spray Volume ²	FireWall	50 WP™	FireLine	17 WP™	Mycoshield®		
(GPA)	ounces of product	pounds per active ingredient	ounces of product	pounds per active ingredient	ounces of product	pounds per active ingredient	
50	5.50	0.225	12.0	0.125	8.0	0.125	
75	8.25	0.337	18.0	0.190	-		
100	11.0	0.450	24.0	0.255	18.0	0.190	
150	-	-	-	-	24.0	0.255	



Created: March 2016

²application volume should be adjusted based on tree size

Product (EPA registration #)	FireWall 50 WP™ (80990-3)	FireLine 17 WP™ (80990-1)	Mycoshield® (55146-97)	
Long-sleeved shirt and long pants	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Chemical-resistant gloves made of waterproof material	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Shoes and socks	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Protective eyewear	Yes Yes Yes			
Respirator	Yes ¹ Yes ² Yes ²			
Application Method		n concerns, applicators ear that ensures full cov		

²dust/mist filtering respirator (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-21C) or a NIOSH approved respirator with any N, R, P or HE filter

|--|

Citrus:

Grapefruit, lemon, lime, orange, tangelo, tangerine, citrus citron, kumquat, and hybrids of these plus pummelo.

Do not use antibiotics in groves in which current practices include fertilization with animal manure. This restriction addresses concerns that antibiotic resistance could be transferred to <i>Escherichia coli</i> or other pathogenic bacteria in the feces.

U.S. Department of Agriculture, UF/IFAS Extension Service, University of Florida, IFAS, Florida A & M University Cooperative Extension Program, and Boards of County Commissioners Cooperating. Nick T. Place, dean for UF/IFAS Extension.

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PURPOSE OF THE INSTITUTE

Citrus Greening or Huanglongbing (HLB) continues to impact all citrus production areas of Florida. The 2016 Florida Citrus Growers' Institute is an opportunity for Florida citrus growers to come together to learn about effective management of HLB and other challenging diseases affecting the industry. Topics this year include citrus tree root health, performance of rootstock and scions with HLB, Asian citrus psyllid management, and the use of plant antibiotics.

CONTINUING EDUCATION UNITS

Continuing Education Units (CEU's) will be offered for holders of restricted use pesticide licenses (RUP) and certified crop advisors (CCA). CEU's have been granted in the following categories: private applicator, agricultural tree crop and demonstration & research for RUP holders. CEU's have been requested for CCA's in the appropriate CEU categories.

SPONSORS PLATINUM Bayer CropScience Syngenta Crop Protection GOLD Valent SILVER DuPont Crop Protection FMC Corporation Gowan BRONZE Alltech Dow AgroSciences Farm Credit Tradewinds Power Corp.



The South Florida State College is located at 600 West College Drive in Avon Park.

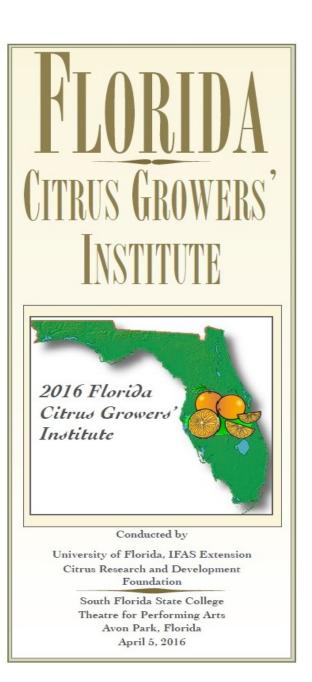
From the South: Take U.S. Hwy. 27/98 north towards Avon Park, turn east onto W. College Drive and follow the signs to the Theatre.

From the North: Take U.S. Hwy. 27/98 south to Avon Park, continue south to W. College Drive, turn east onto W. College Drive and follow the signs to the Theatre.

From the East: Take U.S. Hwy. 98 north to where U.S. Hwy. 27/98 merge south of Sebring. Proceed on U.S. Hwy. 27/98 north towards Avon Park, turn east onto W. College Drive and follow the signs to the Theatre.

From the West: Take S.R. 64 east to Avon Park, turn south on U.S. Highway 27/98 to W. College Drive, turn east onto W. College Drive and follow the signs to the Theatre.

South Florida State College Theatre for Performing Arts 600 W. College Drive Avon Park, FL



2016 Florida Citrus Growers' Institute

PROGRAM AGENDA TUESDAY, APRIL 5, 2016

8:00 AM - Registration

8:30 AM - Welcome and Introductions Mr. Gary England, CES, Tavares, FL & Dr. Michael Rogers, UF/IFAS CREC

BUILDING A HLB TOLERANT CITRUS TREE Moderators: Mr. Chris Oswalt, CES, Bartow, FL

8:45 AM - How much can the rootstock help to survive with HLB? - *Dr. Kim Bowman,* USDA/ ARS

9:15 AM - Progress on Developing Scions and Rootstocks for an HLB-Endemic Florida - Dr: Jude Grosser, UF/IFAS CREC

9:45 AM - Scion and Rootstock Planting Choices: Questions, Considerations, and Opportunities - *Dr. Fred Gmitter*, UF/IFAS CREC

10:15 AM - Break

10:30 AM - Developing Scion Cultivars with HLB Tolerance and Resistance - *Dr. Ed Stover*, USDA/ARS

PSYLLID MANAGEMENT AND ECONOMICS OF CHMA'S

Moderators: Dr. Steve Futch, CES UF/IFAS CREC

11:00 AM - Integrated Management of Asian Citrus Psyllid - *Dr. Jawwad Qureshi*, UF/IFAS SWFREC

11:30 AM - Comparison of CHMAs Economic Performance - *Dr. Ariel Singerman,* UF/IFAS CREC

12:00 PM - Lunch

IMPROVING ROOT HEALTH IN HLB INFECTED CITRUS TREES Moderators: Dr. Mongi Zekri, CES, LaBelle, FL

1:00 PM - Fertigation and Soil Acidification Sustain Root Density of HLB-Infected Trees in Florida Citrus Groves - *Dr. Jim Grabam*, UF/ IFAS CREC

1:30 PM - Rootstocks and *Phytophthora* Management: Implications for Root Health -*Dr. Evan Johnson*, UF/IFAS CREC

ANTIBIOTICS IN DISEASE MANAGEMENT Moderators: Dr. Cami McAvoy, CES, Bushnell, FL

2:00 PM - Lessons Learned on the Use of Antibiotics in Fruit Tree Disease Control - Dr: Megan Dewdney, UF/IFAS CREC

2:30 PM - Commercial Grove Studies on the Effectiveness of FireLineTM and FireWallTM on HLB Symptoms in Florida Citrus - *Dr*: *Robert Shatters*, USDA/ARS

3:00 PM - Adjourn

CES: County Extension Service

CREC: Citrus Research & Education Center, Lake Alfred, FL

FDACS/DPI: Florida Department of Agriculture & Consumer Services/ Division of Plant Industry, Gainesville, FL

SWFREC: Southwest Florida Research & Education Center, Immokalee, FL

UF/IFAS: University of Florida, Institute of Food and Agricultural Sciences

USDA/ARS: United States Department of Agriculture/Agricultural Research Service, Ft. Pierce, FL

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IS REQUIRED April 5, 2016 Mathematical constraints Name: Name: Mathematical constraints Name: Company: Image: Company: Address: Company: Email: Address: Email: Email: City/State/Zip: Email: Email: Phone: Email: Email: Phone: Email: Email: Phone: By April 1, 2016 By phone: 863-519-1042, Fax: 863-554-0001, email: dorothyc@ufl.edu or By April 1, 2016 By phone: 863-519-1042, Fax: 863-554-0001, email: dorothyc@ufl.edu or	PREREGISTRATION	FLORIDA CITRUS GROWERS' INSTITUTE	1
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Company:	Name:		
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City/State/Zip:	Address:		
Phone: Email: Please send registration to: Gail Crawford, Polk County Extension Service, P.O. Box 9005, Drawer HS03, Bartow, FL 33831. By April 1, 2016 By phone: 863-519-1042, Fax: 863-554-0001, email: <u>dorothyc@ufl.edu</u> or online at: https://www.picatic.com/institute2016	City/State/Zip:		
Please send registration to: Gail Crawford, Polk County Extension Service, P.O. Box 9005, Drawer HS03, Bartow, FL 33831. By April 1, 2016 By phone: 863-519-1042, Fax: 863-534-0001, email: <u>dorothyc@ufl.edu</u> or online at: https://www.picatic.com/institute2016	Phone:	Email:	
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		online at: https://www.picatic.com/institute2016	

TheTwenty Sixth Annual Farm Safety Day

Friday, 6 May 2016 Saturday, 7 May 2016

AN IMPORTANT MESSAGE TO EMPLOYERS

Safe and competent equipment operators are important to you as an employer. Accidents, which cause damage, injury or death to employees, equipment and crops, are costly. We believe all types of accidents can be reduced with proper employee training. Our training has been designed to help your employees perform better, operate safely to prevent accidents, fulfill necessary training requirements and build pride in themselves and their farm company.

Certificates

The 2016 Southwest Florida Farm Safety Day is almost here. Farm Safety Day is an educational event designed to emphasize the importance of farm/equipment safety. Each participant is presented with a certificate of attendance and the employer will be provided with a certificate of training that can be placed into the employee's file.

Registration Info

The deadline for registration is Friday, April 22nd, 2016. It is the employer's responsibility to assure that the employee is present at 7:30 AM on Friday, May 6th <u>or</u> on Saturday, May 7th at the Immokalee IFAS Center, 2685 State Rd. 29 North, Immokalee, FL 34142 to receive their nametag. Upon arrival each participant will check in at the registration table and receive a packet containing their nametag, instructions (in both English and Spanish) session handouts, an evaluation form, rodeo cap and pencil. They will be directed to their respective course sessions.

Please give us the names of those who will be attending our 26th Farm Safety Day on <u>Friday, 6</u> <u>May</u> or <u>Saturday, 7 May 2016 (please select the date)</u>. The cost is **\$25.00** per person, which will include educational sessions, handouts, pencils, refreshments, lunch, and a cap.

Make checks payable to: SW Florida Citrus Advisory Committee

Mail registration and checks to: University of Florida, IFAS, SWFREC Attention: <u>Barbara Hyman</u> 2685 State Rd. 29 North Immokalee, FL 34142

Or fax registration to: 239 658 3403 Deadline is Friday, April 22, 2016

Don't wait. The number of trainings offered and attendance at each training is LIMITED. For each day, class size is limited to the first 80 Spanish-speaking and 20 English-speaking people.

TWENTY SIXTH ANNUAL SAFETY DAY

Friday, 6 May 2016 Saturday, 7 May 2016

Location: University of Florida, IFAS, SWFREC 2685 State Rd. 29 North Immokalee, FL 34142

SCHEDULE:

7:30-8:10	Check In, Coffee, Juice, Refreshments, Door Prizes
8:10-9:00	Session 1 (Begin sessions)
9:00-9:10	Break (change session, door prizes)
9:10-10:00	Session 2
10:00-10:10	Break (change session, door prizes)
10:10-11:00	Session 3
11:00-11:10	Break (change session, door prizes)
11:10-12:00	Session 4
12:00-1:30	Lunch and Adjourn

Sessions:

- 1. Personal Protective Equipment
- 2. Preventing Heat Stress
- 3. Mixing and Loading Pesticide Safety
- 4. Driving Agricultural Equipment/Vehicles on Public Roads

The 2016 FARM SAFETY DAY REGISTRATION FORM

Please give us the names of those who will be attending our 25th Farm Safety Day on **Friday**, 6 May or **Saturday**, 7 May 2016 at the Immokalee IFAS Center, 2685 State Rd. 29 North, Immokalee, FL 34142. The cost is **\$25.00** per person, which will include educational sessions, handouts, refreshments, lunch, and a cap.

Make checks payable to: SW Florida Citrus Advisory Committe	9e	Mail registration and checks to: University of Florida, IFAS, SWFREC Attention: <u>Barbara Hyman</u> 2685 State Rd. 29 North Immokalee, FL 34142
Or fax registration to: 239 658 3403 Deadline is Friday, April 22, 2016		
Company Name:		
Administrative Contact Person:		
E-mail address:		
Mailing Address:		
Telephone:	_ Fax:	County:
	not enough space t	afety training and please check their o fill in all attendants, please attach an

Name	<u>Friday or</u> <u>Saturday</u>	<u>English</u>	<u>Spanish</u>	Name	<u>Friday or</u> <u>Saturday</u>	<u>English</u>	<u>Spanish</u>
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*Please Note: It is very important that we know the date (<u>Friday, 6 May</u> or <u>Saturday, 7 May</u> <u>2016</u>) and the language capabilities for each attendee.

Next to each attendee's name please mark in which language they are more fluent. If there are any questions, please contact Barbara Hyman (hymanb@ufl.edu) at 239 658 3400. Don't wait. The number of trainings offered and attendance at each training is LIMITED. Don't wait. For each day, class size is limited to the first 80 Spanish-speaking and 20 English-speaking people.

Sponsorship for the Annual Farm Safety Day



The Southwest Florida Farm Safety Day has been conducted annually since 1991. The program is strongly supported by area citrus, vegetable, sugarcane, and sod growers. Southwest Florida agricultural employers collectively send employees annually to receive training on various safety- related topics. The 2016 Annual Farm Safety Day will be held on **Friday**, **6 May and Saturday**, **7 May 2016** and will feature a very comprehensive farm safety program.

We ask you to consider sponsorship of the 2016 Annual Farm Safety Day to help make it a success. Any profits generated will support extension and other farm safety related programming, such as WPS training, agent in-service-training, teaching tools and related equipment, and travel for extension agents to approved conferences and meetings.

Annual expenses are estimated to be approximately \$3,000. Costs include breakfast, lunch, refreshments, handouts, hats, door prizes, and other supplies. Participants receive certificates of attendance and employers receive certificates of training that can be placed into the employee's file. The highlight of the Farm Safety Day is farm/equipment safety education.

We hope you will be able to help sponsor the 2016 Annual Farm Safety Day. We have enclosed a sponsorship form for your use. Please return the form and your sponsorship check as indicated on the form no later than April 30, 2016.

Thank you in advance for your generous support!

Dr. Mongi Zekri Farm Safety Day Coordinator Multi-County Citrus Agent, SWF Hendry County Extension Office P.O. Box 68 LaBelle, FL 33975



2016 Annual Farm Safety Day

WHEN: Friday, 6 May and Saturday, 7 May 2016

WHERE: Southwest Florida Research & Education Center, Immokalee

AUDIENCE: Anticipate 150 farm workers, managers, equipment operators, and crew leaders from the 5-county area of Southwest Florida.

COST: Sponsorships:

\$300 *Platinum* \$200 *Gold* \$100 *Silver*

Sponsorship goes to support awards, expenses, and other extension programs.

SPONSORSHIP REGISTRATION FORM

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Name:		
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Phone:	Fax:	
\Box Check here if you are	a \$300 sponsor and desire an exhibit space.	

Please make checks payable to: SW Florida Citrus Advisory Committee

Mail to:

Dr. Mongi Zekri Multi-County Citrus Agent Hendry County Extension Office PO Box 68 LaBelle, FL 33975-0068

NUTRITION OF CITRUS TREES

Fertilizer management should include calibration and adjustment of fertilizer spreaders, booms, pumps, or irrigation systems to accurately deliver fertilizer rates and place fertilizers within the tree rootzone. To increase fertilizer efficiency, soil and leaf analysis data should be studied and taken into consideration when generating a fertilizer program and selecting a fertilizer formulation. Dry fertilizer application should be split into 3 to 4 applications per year with a complete balanced fertilizer. For mature trees, the highest nutrient requirement extends from late winter through early summer. This coincides with flowering, heavy spring flush, fruit set, and fruit development and expansion. For best fresh fruit quality, nutritional requirements, particularly nitrogen (N), should decrease late in the summer and fall. Based on tree demands, 2/3 to 3/4 of the yearly fertilizer amount should be applied between February and June. In warm areas such as southwest Florida where tree growth can continue certain years during the winter, fertilizer applications should also be made in the fall to satisfy vegetative growth demand. However, fall fertilizer applications may sometimes delay fruit color development and fruit maturity for early and mid-season cultivars. For more information, go to **"Nutrition of Florida Citrus Trees, 2nd Edition"** By Thomas A. Obreza and Kelly T. Morgan http://edis.ifas.ufl.edu/pdffiles/SS/SS47800.pdf

Year in grove	Lb N/tree/year (range)	Lbs Fertilizer/tree/year (range)		Lower limit of application frequency	
		6-6-6	8-8-8	Dry	Fertigation
1	0.15 - 0.30	2.5-5.0	1.9-3.8	6	10
2	0.30 - 0.60	5.0-10.0	3.8-7.5	5	10
3	0.45 - 0.90	7.5-15.0	5.6-11.3	4	10

IFAS fertilizer guidelines for nonbearing citrus trees

IFAS fertilizer guidelines for bearing citrus trees (4 years and older)

Oranges	Grapefruit	Other varieties	Lower limit of application frequency		
Lbs N/acre/year (range)			Dry	Fertigation	
120 - 200	120 - 160	120 - 200	3	10	

Rates up to 220 lbs/acre may be considered for <u>orange</u> groves producing over 500 boxes/acre and up to 170 lbs/acre for <u>grapefruit</u> groves producing over 600 boxes/acre. Young trees planted on previously uncropped soils should receive fertilizer containing the following ratio of elements: nitrogen-1, phosphorus-1, potassium-1, magnesium-1/5, manganese-1/20, copper-1/40, and boron-1/250.

For more information on citrus

nutrition, get to the following EDIS publications:

Increasing Efficiency and Reducing Costs of Citrus Nutritional Programs Mongi Zekri, Thomas Obreza and Arnold Schumann http://edis.ifas.ufl.edu/SS442 [pdf]

Irrigation, Nutrition, and Citrus Fruit Quality

Mongi Zekri, Thomas A. Obreza and Robert Koo http://edis.ifas.ufl.edu/SS426 [pdf]

Fertigation Nutrient Sources and Application Considerations for Citrus Brian Boman and Tom Obreza http://edis.ifas.ufl.edu/CH185 [pdf]

Citrus Fertilizer Management on Calcareous Soils

Thomas A. Obreza, Mongi Zekri, and David V. Calvert http://edis.ifas.ufl.edu/CH086 [pdf]

Boron and chlorine for citrus trees. UF Coop Ext. Ser. Zekri, M. and T.A. Obreza. <u>http://edis.ifas.ufl.edu/pdffiles/SS/SS6</u> <u>1900.pdf</u>

Molybdenum and nickel for citrus trees. UF Coop Ext. Ser. Zekri, M. and T.A. Obreza. <u>http://edis.ifas.ufl.edu/pdffiles/SS/SS6</u> <u>1800.pdf</u>

Iron and copper for citrus trees. UF Coop Ext. Ser. Zekri, M. and T.A. Obreza. http://edis.ifas.ufl.edu/pdffiles/SS/SS6 1700.pdf

Manganese and zinc for citrus trees. UF Coop Ext. Ser. Zekri, M. and T.A. Obreza. http://edis.ifas.ufl.edu/pdffiles/SS/SS6 1600.pdf

Nitrogen (N) for citrus trees. UF Coop Ext. Ser. Zekri, M. and T.A. Obreza. http://edis.ifas.ufl.edu/pdffiles/SS/SS5 8000.pdf

Phosphorus (P) for citrus trees. UF Coop Ext. Ser. Zekri, M. and T.A. Obreza. <u>http://edis.ifas.ufl.edu/pdffiles/SS/SS5</u> 8100.pdf

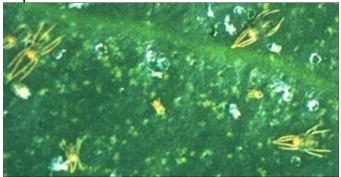
Potassium (K) for citrus trees. UF Coop Ext. Ser. Zekri, M. and T.A. Obreza. http://edis.ifas.ufl.edu/pdffiles/SS/SS5 8300.pdf

Magnesium (Mg) for citrus trees. UF Coop Ext. Ser. Zekri, M. and T.A. Obreza. http://edis.ifas.ufl.edu/pdffiles/SS/SS5 8200.pdf

Calcium (Ca) and sulfur (S) for citrus trees. UF Coop Ext. Ser. Zekri, M. and T.A. Obreza. <u>http://edis.ifas.ufl.edu/pdffiles/SS/SS5</u> 8400.pdf

Spider Mites

The Texas citrus mite is the predominant species in most citrus groves throughout the state. The citrus red mite is usually second in abundance, but in some nursery operations it is the predominant species. The Texas citrus and citrus red mites occur on citrus throughout the year and usually are most abundant in groves during the dry season. They are found most commonly on the upper leaf surface of recently mature flush, and all stages of the mites orient along the mid-vein. As populations increase, they move to leaf margins and fruit. Spider mites feed primarily on mature leaves and differ from rust mites by feeding beneath the epidermal layer of cells. They are capable of removing cellular contents, causing cell destruction and reducing photosynthesis. Mesophyll collapse and leaf drop can result when trees are stressed by high spider mite infestations in combination with sustained dry, windy conditions that may occur in the late fall, winter or early spring months. When populations of Texas citrus mite or citrus red mites are high, they will also feed on developing fruit. Spider mites prefer dry weather and low relative humidities in the range of 30 to 60% and generally do not pose a sustained problem in the higher humidity conditions that occur between June and September.



Populations of Texas citrus and citrus red mites aggregate among leaves within and between citrus trees.

Spider mites are suppressed to low densities by several species of predacious mites, insects, and entomopathogens in some groves. However, when populations averaging 5 to 10 motile spider mites per leaf develop between September and May, it would be reasonable to apply a miticide, especially if the trees are stressed. However, infestations comprised predominantly of adults, particularly males, are in decline and would not require control. Adult mites are recognized by their large size relative to immatures and females distinguished by their round shape and shorter legs compared to males.

Need for controlling spider mites is based on temperature and humidity conditions, spider mite population levels, tree vigor, and time of the year. Petroleum oil provides some ovicidal activity against spider mite eggs. None of the other miticides provide ovicidal activity, and their residual activity must be sufficiently longlasting to kill subsequently emerging larvae. Application of Miticides

Selection of a miticide should be based on the target pests to be controlled, avoiding risks of phytotoxicity, products that will be tank mixed, the time of year, treatment to harvest interval, and prior use of a product. All miticides except petroleum oil should be used only once a year to minimize resistance development. For example, dicofol can be effectively used for spider mite or rust mite control during the supplemental early spring or postbloom intervals. The product is most effective when applied at ONE of these times. Conversely, Comite would be recommended in the fall or supplemental late fall intervals. Vendex is effective in one of the following four periods: supplemental spring, postbloom, fall, or supplemental fall periods. Petroleum oil spray applications can be effectively applied during the postbloom, summer, or fall intervals. Sulfur is included since it has a short treatment to harvest interval and provides a highly effective means of cleaning up rust mite infestations prior to harvest when needed. Use of sulfur should be minimized given its toxic effects on several beneficial arthropods.

Recommended Chemical Controls

READ THE LABEL.

TO MINIMIZE RISK OF RESISTANCE, DO NOT APPLY A SPECIFIC MITICIDE MORE THAN ONCE PER ACRE PER SEASON OTHER THAN PETROLEUM OIL.

Control Thresholds and Appropriate Sample Sizes for 10 Acres

If the control threshold is:	Sample size (Sample trees should be uniformly scattered across a 10- acre block. Do not sample adjacent trees.)
5 mites/leaf	Examine 4 leaves/tree from 6 trees/area from 4 areas/10 acres = 96 leaves on 24 trees/10 acres
8 mites/leaf	Examine 4 leaves/tree from 6 trees/area from 3 areas/10 acres = 72 leaves on 18 trees/10 acres
10 mites/leaf	Examine 4 leaves/tree from 5 trees/area from 2 areas/10 acres = 40 leaves on 10 trees/10 acres
15 mites/leaf	Examine 4 leaves/tree from 4 trees/area from 2 areas/10 acres = 32 leaves on 8 trees/10 acres

TABLE 2. CITRUS MITICIDE SELECTION.*

Supplemental (early Spring)	Post Bloom	Summer	Fall	Supplemental Fal
-		Agri-mek + oil	-	-
-			Comite	Comite
Envidor	Envidor	Envidor	Envidor	Envidor
-	Petroleum oil	Petroleum oil	Petroleum oil	
-	()		Sulfur	Sulfur
-	-	Micromite	Micromite	-
-		-	Nexter	Nexter
Movento	Movento	Movento		
Vendex	Vendex	-	Vendex	Vendex

For more information and details, go to:

Florida Citrus Pest Management Guide: Rust Mites, Spider Mites, and Other Phytophagous Mites at: <u>http://www.crec.ifas.ufl.edu/extension/pest/PDF/2015/Rust%20Mites.pdf</u>

10 health benefits of drinking orange juice

By: Emily Lunardo | Functional Foods |



Orange juice is a popular morning time beverage, as it's not only refreshing but offers much nutritional value, too. Oranges and orange juice are a great snacking option because they are low in calories and packed with nutrients that offer countless health benefits.

Oranges contain over 170 different phytochemicals and over 60 flavonoids, which are known to have antiinflammatory and antioxidant effects. So how exactly do these phytochemicals and flavonoids benefit you? Well, the list below will definitely make you consider consuming more oranges and orange juice on a regular basis.

Health benefits of drinking orange juice

#1 Source of vitamin C

You may be familiar with the benefits of vitamin C to ward off a cold, but vitamin C is much more important than just that. Vitamin C is best absorbed by the body through food and beverage form, as it cannot be synthesized by the human body. Two glasses of orange juice a day

can increase vitamin C concentration within your body by 40 to 64 percent.

Vitamin C is beneficial as it helps fight off free radicals that can contribute to early aging and helps the absorption of other essential nutrients as well, including iron and calcium.

#2 Immune system boost

To continue our discussion of vitamin C, orange juice and its nutritional content help boost the immune system. Vitamin C is a powerful antioxidant that helps provide the immune system with a much needed boost, all the while fighting off free radicals that can damage the immune system lowering its ability to tackle the illness.

#3 Source of fiber

When you think of fiber, you probably think of grains, but believe it or not orange juice comes with a high fiber content, which is useful for bowel regularity and cholesterol levels.

One large orange contains 18 percent of your daily recommended fiber intake.

#4 Prevention of kidney stones

Kidney stones are well known for being a highly painful condition, so if you want to ward them off, it's best that you get sipping on some orange juice. Orange juice contains citric acid and citrates, which are believed to help reduce the risk of kidney stones. Furthermore, potassium citrate is often prescribed to kidney stone patients as treatment and the citrates found in oranges have been found to have similar effects.

#5 Improved blood circulation

Our muscles, organs, and basically everything in our bodies require a blood supply in order to function properly. But if blood isn't circulating, then our internal parts can't receive the nourishment they need.

Oranges have a high folate count, which is necessary for the creation of DNA and new cell growth. Folate also protects cells from damage and mutation and wards off free radicals.

Folate is also necessary in the formation of new red blood cells, along with stimulating blood flow to extremities. So if you have cold hands and feet, consuming more orange juice may be a simple fix.

#6 Reduced inflammation

Normally, inflammation is the body's response to stimuli as a form of protection, but inflammation has a negative side as well, which can lead to pain and other complications. Citrus fruits in general have been hailed as anti-inflammatory agents and consuming citrus can help ward off metabolic syndrome that can lead to complications such as type 2 diabetes.

Orange juice can help reduce inflammation all the while protecting the heart – which can save you from chronic conditions.

#7 Balanced blood pressure

There are many components to lowering blood pressure. Reducing salt is one of them. Another way to lower blood pressure is to increase potassium intake – found in abundance in orange juice.

Other studies have shown that components found in orange juice can help activate small blood vessels, helping reduce overall blood pressure, along with reducing the risk of cardiovascular events, too.

#8 Improved cholesterol

We briefly mentioned that orange juice's fiber content can help aid with cholesterol, but there is another mechanism in oranges at work – still not fully understood – that has been shown to help improve cholesterol numbers. What we do know is, cholesterol levels can have a large impact on heart health and overall health, so until science truly figures out the why and how, it's safe to say that consuming orange juice in the meantime is a good daily practice to control your cholesterol.

#9 Radiant skin

Orange juice is packed with antioxidants – this so far has been made quite clear – and these antioxidants can also leave you with radiant skin. Antioxidants fight off free radicals, and those found in orange juice can protect your skin from sun damage and pollution, prevent wrinkles, and improve overall skin texture.

Additionally, vitamin C plays a role in the formation of collagen, which gives our skin that youthful look. Therefore, drink up for some beautiful-looking skin!

#10 Improved heart health

We already mentioned quite a bit of heart health benefits of orange juice, including boosting blood circulation, lowering cholesterol, and improving blood pressure. It is important to keep all of these factors at healthy levels as they can affect your heart health. Unmanaged cholesterol and blood pressure put added stress on the heart, increasing the risk of cardiovascular disease and other cardiac events. Oranges have all the right ingredients to help protect your heart overall.

Flatwoods Citrus

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Racial-Ethnic Background

__American Indian or native Alaskan __Asian American Hispanic

_White, non-Hispanic _Black, non-Hispanic

Gender

__Female

___Male